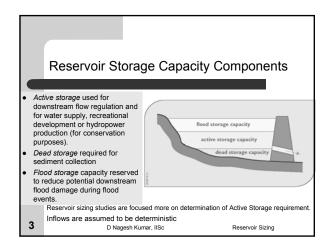


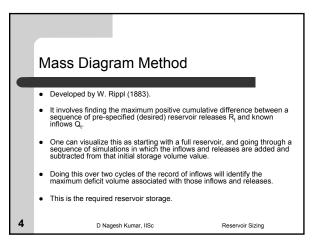
## Annual demand for water at a particular site may be less than the total inflow, but the time distribution of demand may not match the time distribution of inflows resulting in surplus in some periods and deficit in some other periods. A reservoir is a storage structure that stores water in periods of excess flow (over demand) in order to enable a regulation of the storage to best meet the specified demands. The problem of reservoir sizing involves determination of the required storage capacity of the reservoir when inflows and demands in a sequence of periods are given.

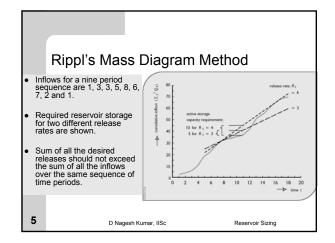
Reservoir Sizing

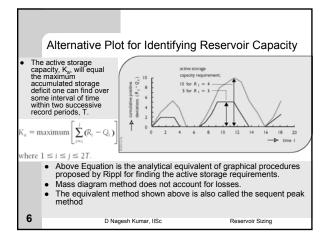
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## Sequent Peak Algorithm

 Let K<sub>t</sub> be the maximum total storage requirement needed for periods 1 through period t. As before, let R<sub>t</sub> be the required release in period t, and Q<sub>t</sub> be the inflow in that period. Setting K<sub>0</sub> equal to 0, the procedure involves calculating K<sub>t</sub> using equation below for upto twice the total length of record.

$$K_t = R_t - Q_t + K_{t-1}$$
 if positive,  
= 0 otherwise

 The maximum of all K<sub>t</sub> is the required storage capacity for the specified releases R<sub>t</sub> and inflows, Q<sub>t</sub>.

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Reservoir Sizing

		time t	$(R_{t}-Q_{t}+K_{t-1})^{+}=K_{t}$	
	Sequent Peak Analyses	-1	3.5 - 1.0 + 0.0 = 2.5	
		2	3.5 - 3.0 + 2.5 = 3.0	
		3	3.5 - 3.0 + 3.0 = 3.5	
- Infl	nun for a nine period convene	4	3.5 - 5.0 + 3.5 = 2.0	
	ows for a nine period sequence 1, 3, 3, 5, 8, 6, 7, 2 and 1.	5	3.5 - 8.0 + 2.0 = 0.0	
u. c		6	3.5 - 6.0 + 0.0 = 0.0	
<ul> <li>Constant release required, R<sub>t</sub>=3.5</li> </ul>		7	3.5 - 7.0 + 0.0 = 0.0	
	• • •	8	3.5 - 2.0 + 0.0 = 1.5	
This method does not require all		9	3.5 - 1.0 + 1.5 = 4.0	
the	<ul><li>the releases to be same.</li><li>Stopping Criteria</li></ul>		3.5 - 1.0 + 4.0 = 6.5	
sto			3.5 - 3.0 + 6.5 = 7.0	
	K, value repeats for the corresponding period OR Twice the number of periods	3	3.5 - 3.0 + 7.0 = 7.5	Ka
		4	3.5 - 5.0 + 7.5 = 6.0	
		5	3.5 - 8.0 + 6.0 = 1.5	
		6	3.5 - 6.0 + 1.5 = 0.0	repetition begins
		7	3.5 - 7.0 + 0.0 = 0.0	
8		8	3.5 - 2.0 + 0.0 = 1.5	
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